**[8. String to Integer (atoi)](https://leetcode.com/problems/string-to-integer-atoi/)**

Implement the myAtoi(string s) function, which converts a string to a 32-bit signed integer.

The algorithm for myAtoi(string s) is as follows:

1. **Whitespace**: Ignore any leading whitespace (" ").
2. **Signedness**: Determine the sign by checking if the next character is '-' or '+', assuming positivity if neither present.
3. **Conversion**: Read the integer by skipping leading zeros until a non-digit character is encountered or the end of the string is reached. If no digits were read, then the result is 0.
4. **Rounding**: If the integer is out of the 32-bit signed integer range [-231, 231 - 1], then round the integer to remain in the range. Specifically, integers less than -231 should be rounded to -231, and integers greater than 231 - 1 should be rounded to 231 - 1.

Return the integer as the final result.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** s = "42"

**Output:** 42

**Explanation:**

The underlined characters are what is read in and the caret is the current reader position.

Step 1: "42" (no characters read because there is no leading whitespace)

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Step 2: "42" (no characters read because there is neither a '-' nor '+')

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Step 3: "42" ("42" is read in)

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**Example 2:**

**Input:** s = " -042"

**Output:** -42

**Explanation:**

Step 1: " -042" (leading whitespace is read and ignored)

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Step 2: " -042" ('-' is read, so the result should be negative)

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Step 3: " -042" ("042" is read in, leading zeros ignored in the result)

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**Example 3:**

**Input:** s = "1337c0d3"

**Output:** 1337

**Explanation:**

Step 1: "1337c0d3" (no characters read because there is no leading whitespace)

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Step 2: "1337c0d3" (no characters read because there is neither a '-' nor '+')

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Step 3: "1337c0d3" ("1337" is read in; reading stops because the next character is a non-digit)

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**Example 4:**

**Input:** s = "0-1"

**Output:** 0

**Explanation:**

Step 1: "0-1" (no characters read because there is no leading whitespace)

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Step 2: "0-1" (no characters read because there is neither a '-' nor '+')

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Step 3: "0-1" ("0" is read in; reading stops because the next character is a non-digit)

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**Example 5:**

**Input:** s = "words and 987"

**Output:** 0

**Explanation:**

Reading stops at the first non-digit character 'w'.

**Constraints:**

* 0 <= s.length <= 200
* s consists of English letters (lower-case and upper-case), digits (0-9), ' ', '+', '-', and '.'.